<u>Year 4</u>

Living in the Wider World

Learning Objective	Learning Outcomes
LOL13: The role of money	explain the importance of money in people's lives
and ways of managing	• identify a range of forms of payment the reasons for using these (other than
money (budgeting and	coins and notes)
saving)	explain different ways of keeping track of money and why this is important
	• identify ways in which people manage their money (e.g. saving, budgeting,
	being careful about spending money, choosing items that are 'good value')
	describe how shops, service, banks and manufactures try to persuade people
	to buy their products
	 make decisions about whether something is better 'value for money' than something else
LOL14: What is meant by	identify situations where someone might want or need to 'save' or 'borrow'
'interest' and 'loan'	money
	explain what is meant by 'interest' in relation to saving and borrowing
	• identify what would help someone decide whether to 'save' or 'borrow'
	money for something they need/want
	describe some of the feelings someone might have about doing this
LOL15: What it means to be	explain that to be 'enterprising' means to have an idea and thinking about
<u>'enterprising'</u>	how it could work in reality
	• describe 'real life' examples of enterprise in school (e.g. PTA, friends of the
	school, governors, car boot sales, Christmas Fair stalls, auctions, school discos,
	non-uniform days)
	describe or demonstrate what personal skills or attributes might be needed
1015 7	to start an enterprise
LOH5: To recognise our	recognise their worth by identifying positive things about themselves and
achievements and set	what they are proud of
personal targets for the future	identify aspirations for the end of term/school year identify asperal strong the that will be a thought on a chicken their scale.
latare	identify personal strengths that will help them achieve their goals identify what personal actions they can take to improve
	 identify what personal actions they can take to improve describe how learning from mistakes and working with others can help them
	to achieve their goals
	to active their goals

Health Education

Learning Objective	Learning Outcomes
LOR1: To recognise a wider	describe a wide range of different feelings
range of feelings in others	give examples of how to recognise feelings in others
and respond to how others	describe how feelings can affect thoughts and behaviour
are feeling	explain what makes feelings better or worse/what helps/doesn't help
	discuss or demonstrate different responses they can give in response to a
	range of feelings in others (individually, collectively)
LOH6/7: To learn about a	describe a range of different feelings (good and not so good)
wider range of feelings, both	describe feelings according to their intensity
good and not so good, that	identify when feelings (good or not so good) might be overwhelming and
people can experience	describe how this can feel
conflicting feelings at the	• explain that people can also feel lots of different emotions all at once (such
same time and about	as at times of change)
describing our feelings to	explain the importance of noticing different feelings
<u>others</u>	describe some positive ways of sharing feelings, recognising that this can
	help manage them

LOH8: The kinds of change	describe changes that happen at school, and in life
that happen in life and the	recognising that change is a natural part of life
feelings associated with this	describe the feelings that might be associated with change and loss
	describe some ways people express feelings when there is change, and of
	sadness and loss
	explain what people can do to help manage the changes they might
	experience and how to manage feelings to help themselves feel better
	demonstrate empathy towards others and their feelings
LOH23: People who help us	explain the different roles that people in school and the wider community
stay healthy and safe	have to help them stay healthy and safe
	describe the different ways they receive help to stay healthy and safe
	• identify the different ways that they can support people who help them -
	how they help to keep themselves (and others) stay healthy and safe
	recognise their responsibility to report things that mean they or others may
	not be safe
	• give examples of different ways of asking for help or support (including
	online), including appropriate websites or helplines, as well as people they
	know and trust
LOH18: The changes that	identify changes in the human life cycle
happen at puberty	identify puberty as a time in everyone's life when their bodies grow and
	change from children to young adults
	• identify that the changes are ongoing and usually happen between the ages of 8-17 years
	use the correct names of female and male reproductive organs
	describe the effects of puberty on male and female bodies – how bodies grow and change
	explain what happens during periods (menstruation) and how to manage
	them
	explain why it is important and how to keep themselves clean during
	puberty
	explain how feelings, emotions and relationships may change during
	puberty and how it may cause mood swings and other strong feelings
	describe how everyone experiences puberty at different rates and that
	changes in their bodies will happen at exactly the right time for them
	identify where to get help and support about the changes that happen at
	puberty

Relationships Education

Learning Objective	Learning Outcomes
LOR14/18: To recognise	differentiate between playful teasing, hurtful behaviour and bullying
bullying and how to respond	• recognise that bullying and aggressive can be online as well as occurring in
and ask for help	physical life
	recognise what is meant by discrimination and some types of discrimination
	that exist
	identify how this can negatively affect people (e.g. their feelings and
	aspirations) • explain what to do if they witness
	discrimination/bullying/hurtful behaviour/name calling or if someone feels
	they are being bullied
	explain where people can get advice and help
LOL6: What is anti-social	identify what is meant by anti-social behaviour
behaviour and how can it	identify the impact that anti-social and aggressive behaviour could have in
affect people? How can you	school and in the wider community (the environment and people)
get help or support?	

	identify the potential consequences of anti-social and aggressive behaviour
	for the people involved
	give examples of who they can go to for support / help if they feel worried /
	unsafe or if they think someone else is feeling worried or unsafe about
	anti-social behaviour
LOR12: To learn about solving	explain what it means to negotiate
disputes and conflict amongst	give examples of compromise that occur in school and home
themselves and their peers	demonstrate negotiating a 'win-win' outcome
themselves and their peers	give examples of where strategies have worked well/not worked in
	class/the playground
	describe or demonstrate how to give someone feedback and support
LOR8: The difference	recognise that physical contact that is aggressive or hurtful is not acceptable
between acceptable and	explain that everyone has a right to have their 'body space' respected and
unacceptable physical contact	that they should respect others body space
and how to respond to	explain why it is wrong to make anyone feel uncomfortable or confused by
unacceptable physical contact	being too close to them or touching them in ways they don't like
dilacceptable physical contact	explain why it is OK and important to talk to someone they trust if anyone
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LOR16: What is meant by	makes them feel uncomfortable or confused explain what is meant by stereotyping
	give some examples of stereotypes (such as gender stereotyping)
<u>'stereotypes'?</u>	
	identify when stereotypes are challenged and explain how this helps to break down the stereotype.
	break down the stereotype
10147/40: Information	explain why it is important for stereotypes to be challenged According to the different virus manufaction and recording an
LOL17/18: Information	describe the different ways people find out information and news, about
presented in the media can	people, places and events
be misleading	give reasons for why the media tries to influence people's choices and
	decisions (e.g. to persuade people to purchase)
	identify how this is done (e.g. emotive language in adverts) identify the total averable at the confidence in a second in the confidence in the co
	identify that not everything they see/read is true (e.g. false claims in adverted internet seems greesin).
	adverts, internet scams, gossip)
	 suggest some important questions we should ask when we see images, programmes or articles in the media
LOR7: How actions can affect	explain how their actions or choices can hurt others on the outside and on
ourselves and others	the inside
ourselves and others	
	 explain steps that can be taken to solve problems where actions have impacted on others
	identify and demonstrate behaviours and actions that show respect for self
	and others
	explain why it is important to 'think before we act'
LOR15: to recognise and	explain why it is important to think before we act explain how to recognise a 'dare'
manage dares	give reasons why people might dare others to do things
manage dares	explain whether dares always put someone under pressure
	explain why no one should ever feel the need to agree to do a dare
	explain what they can do if they have witnessed someone else being given a
	dare
	identify people they can talk to/go to if they are worried
LOR13: To learn about	explain what contributes to someone's identity
differences and similarities	describe some of the ways in which people are similar
between people, but	describe some of the ways in which people are different
understand everyone is equal	explain that we may have things in common with others that we did not
sseristania everyone is equal	immediately realise and that this can help build friendships
	describe ways in which we are all similar / part of a human family
L	acsense ways in which we are an similar / part of a framan family